

## Syllabus Course description

Course title	Project, Process and Technology Management	
Course code	47540	
Scientific sector	ING-IND/17, ING-IND/35	
Degree	Master	
Semester	1	
Year	1	
Academic Year	2024-2025	
Credits	10	
Modular	Yes	

Total lecturing hours	28+28		
Total lab hours			
Total exercise hours	18+18		
Attendance	Recommended		
Prerequisites	None		
Course page	https://www.unibz.it/en/faculties/engineering/master- industrial-mechanical-engineering/course- offering/?academicYear=2024		

Specific educational objectivesThe course is one of the basics of the scientific area of Industrial Engineering. The course gives a general overview of the main scientific contents. During the course, the presented theoretical topics will be integrated through targeted application- oriented exercises and through a real game-based business simulation. The learning objectives of module 1 are to introduce engineering students in the fundamentals of project management. Specifically, it will deal with the subjects of project planning, project scheduling and project monitoring. The learning objectives of module 2 are to introduce students to the fundamentals of process and technology management. In particular, the part that concerns the process management will deal with process identification, modelling and redesign and the part that concerns the technology management will deal with technology
--

Module 1	Project Management
Lecturer	Prof. Patrick Dallasega
Scientific sector of the lecturer	ING-IND/17
Teaching language	English
Office hours	See on timetable

## Freie Universität Bozen Libera Università di Bolz

Libera Università di Bolzano Università Liedia de Bulsan

Teaching assistant (if any)	Andrea Revolti		
Office hours	See on timetable		
List of topics covered	<ol> <li>Introduction to Project Management</li> <li>Project planning         <ul> <li>a) The Work Breakdown Structure (WBS)</li> <li>b) The Organizational Breakdown Structure (OBS)</li> <li>c) Planning of resources</li> </ul> </li> </ol>		
	<ul> <li><b>3. Project scheduling methods</b> <ul> <li>a) Network diagram techniques (AOA, AON)</li> <li>b) The Critical Path Method (CPM)</li> <li>c) The Program Evaluation Review Technique (PERT)</li> <li>d) Project Crashing</li> <li>e) Resource allocation</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>4. Project progress measurement and forecast <ul> <li>a) Progress measurement</li> <li>b) The Earned Value Analysis (EVA)</li> <li>c) The Earned Value Performance Measurement</li> <li>(EVPM)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>5. Project risk management <ul> <li>a) Methodologies for project risk identification</li> <li>b) Methodologies for project risk evaluation</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>6. Construction Project Management</li> <li>a) The Last Planner System (LPS)</li> <li>b) The Location Based Management System (LBMS)</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>7. Exercises</li> <li>a) Exercises on AOA, AON</li> <li>b) Exercises on CPM, PERT, project crashing, resource allocation</li> <li>c) Exercises on EVA</li> <li>d) Exercises using Microsoft Project</li> <li>e) Last Planner Simulation game</li> <li>f) Excursion to local companies to provide practical illustrations of project management processes</li> </ul>		
Teaching format	Frontal lectures and exercises in class (laptops are required for some lectures and exercises)		
Module 2	Process and Technology Management		
Lecturer	Process and Technology Management Prof. Guido Orzes		
Scientific sector of the lecturer	ING-IND/35		

lecturer			
Teaching language	English		
Office hours	By email appointment		
Teaching assistant <i>(if any)</i>			
Office hours	-		
List of topics covered	1. Process management		
	a) Introduction to business process management		
	b) Process identification and description		



	<ul> <li>c) Process modelling (Business Process Model and Notation - BPMN)</li> <li>d) Process discovery</li> <li>e) Process analysis</li> <li>f) Process redesign</li> </ul> Exercises:		
	Exercises on process modelling using the BPMN software BIZAGI		
	Case study (process modelling and redesign)		
	<ul> <li>2. Technology management <ul> <li>a) Introduction to technology management</li> <li>b) Technology management activities: acquisition, exploitation, identification, protection, selection</li> <li>c) Technology management tools: portfolio management, patent analysis, value analysis, stage-gate, S-curve, technology roadmapping</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
	Exercises on technology management		
Teaching format	Frontal lectures and exercises in class (laptops are required for some exercises)		

Learning outcomes	Intended Learning Outcomes (ILO)
	Module 1
	Knowledge and understanding
	<ol> <li>The students know the basic and most common methodologies of Project Management (Planning, Scheduling and Monitoring) and the main used tools.</li> <li>The students are able to understand the issues relating to the development, implementation and management of production and logistics systems;</li> </ol>
	Applying knowledge and understanding
	<ol> <li>Students will be able to apply theoretical concepts of planning, organizing and managing projects.</li> <li>By means of exercises performed in the computer laboratory, the student will be able to use software tools like Microsoft Project, which is one of the most used tools of local companies.</li> </ol>
	Making judgements
	<ol> <li>The students are able to interpret Key Performance Indicators of project management to understand if projects are over, under or on budget and time.</li> </ol>



Ī

Communication skills
6. Ability to structure and prepare a presentation describing project management concepts with business language
Ability to learn
7. Ability to autonomously extend the knowledge acquired during the study course in different industrial contexts
Module 2
Knowledge and understanding
<ol> <li>The students will understand the issues related to the process identification, modelling and redesign and will know the basic and most common methods used in process management</li> <li>The students will know various methods used for the</li> </ol>
technology management and foresight 10. The students will understand how firms can rely on external collaboration to innovate
Applying knowledge and understanding
<ol> <li>Students will be able to apply theoretical concepts of process management and to use BPMN tools for the process description and modelling</li> <li>Students will learn how to apply theoretical models of technology foresight and to implement complex technology foresight methods like T-start and scenario planning</li> </ol>
Making judgments
<ul><li>13. Students will be able to transfer the knowledge and methods learned to real practical applications</li><li>14. Students will be able to describe processes in a way that allows to find their criticalities and to redesign them</li><li>15. Students will be able to recognize consciously the</li></ul>
technological positioning of a company and to find options for its development and improvement, using technology foresight
Communication skills

-----



<ul><li>16. Students will be able to present process analyses and technology roadmaps</li><li>17. Students will be able to interact in a competent and professional way in complex, multi-participants workshops like the ones used in T-plan and scenario planning methods</li></ul>
Ability to learn
18. Students will be able to autonomously extend the knowledge acquired during the study course by reading and understanding

Assessment	Module1		
	Form	Length /duration	ILOs assessed
	Written exam	1,5 hours	1,2,3,4,5
	Presentation	15 minutes per	5,6,7
	case study	student group	
	Module 2		
	Form	Length /duratio	n ILOs assessed
	Written exam	1,5 hours	8-18
	Case study (modelling and re-design)	BPMN models + 1 page report	8, 11, 13, 18
Assessment language	English		
criteria for awarding marks	The grade is calculated from the results of the written exam and the case study (exercise part). The theoretical part counts 50% and the exercise part counts 50% of the final grade.		
	The grade is base theoretical question modelling and re- and the case stud final grade. The assessment about the topics of organization and answers, mastery		with exercises and study (on process exam counts 80%, design) 20% of the to solve exercises ss mapping and re- apping), clarity of o with respect to
	·····		
Required readings	Lecture notes a	nd documents for	exercises will be



	available on Microsoft Teams, Reserve Collections and the Open Learning Environment (OLE).
Supplementary readings	<ul> <li>Module 1</li> <li>"Project Management for Construction" by Hendrickson http://www.ce.cmu.edu/pmbook/</li> <li>Meredith, J. and Mantel, S., (2000) "Project Management: A managerial Approach", J. Wiley &amp; Sons New York</li> <li>De Marco, A. (2011). "Project Management for Facility Constructions", Springer Science &amp; Business Media.</li> <li>Cantamessa, M., Cobos, E., Rafele, C., (2007) "II Project Management – Un approccio sistemico alla gestione dei progetti", ISEDI De Agostini.</li> <li>Pmi lexicon pm terms PMI.org</li> <li>Project Management: A Systems Approach to Planning, Scheduling, and Controlling 11th Edition by Harold R. Kerzner (Author)</li> <li>Project Management – Competency Development Framework</li> <li>www.iso.org ISO21500:2013 – ISO21502-5</li> <li>www.pmi.org Project Management standard - PMBOK® GUIDE V Edition</li> <li>http://www.ipma-usa.org/ IPMA_ICB_4_0_WEB</li> </ul> Module 2 Process management <ul> <li>Dumas, M., La Rosa, M., Mendling, J., &amp; Reijers, H. A. (2018), 2<sup>nd</sup> edition. "Fundamentals of business process management", Berlin: Springer.</li> <li>Modeler user guide of BIZAGI, available at: http://help.bizagi.com/process-modeler/en/</li> </ul> Technology management: <ul> <li>Cetindamar, D., Phaal, R., &amp; Probert, D. (2016). "Technology management: activities and tools". Macmillan International Higher Education.</li> <li>Phaal, R., Farrukh, C., &amp; Probert, D. (2010). T-Plan: "The fast-start to technology roadmapping: Planning your route to success". University of Cambridge, Institute for Manufacturing.</li></ul>