

## Syllabus Course description

Course title	Applications of Fluid Mechanics to Energy Engineering
Course code	45538
Scientific sector	ICAR/01 "Hydraulics"
Degree	Master Energy Engineering
Semester	2
Year	<b>OPT</b>
Academic year	2021/2022
Credits	6
Modular	no

Total lecturing hours	36	
Total lab and exercise hours	24	
Attendance	Not mandatory but strongly recommended	
Recommended preliminary knowledge	Basic knowledge of fluid mechanics	
Connections with other courses	The course provides in-depth knowledge of topics introduced only marginally in basic courses dealing with fluid mechanics and introduces advanced theoretical and modeling tools useful for other courses where fluids plays a key role within the teaching offer of the Master program, e.g. Experimental methods in Thermo-fluid Dynamics, Environmental Fluid Mechanics / Hydropower Plants, Hydropower and wind power Systems, Fluid Machines Engineering, District heating systems design.	
Course page		

Specific educational objectives	Applications of Fluid Mechanics to Energy Engineering is an optional course within the master in Energy Engineering and is aimed to the students showing particular interest in fluid mechanics.
	Some specific topics addressed only marginally in the basic courses of hydraulics and fluid mechanics will be addressed, in order to provide the students with the fundamental knowledge about turbulent flows, physical modelling and CFD (Computational Fluid Dynamics). Within the tutorials and the homework the students will have the opportunity to compare some commercial codes applied to practical applications relevant to energy engineering.

Lecturer	Prof. Maurizio Righetti, Dr. Giuseppe Roberto Pisaturo,
	Prof. Michele Larcher, Dr. Andrea Menapace



Scientific sector of the lecturer	ICAR/02 and ICAR/01 (08/A1)		
Teaching language	English		
Office hours	Whole week, on appointment		
Teaching assistant (if any )	-		
Office hours	_		
List of topics covered	The course will cover the following topics:  Fundamentals of fluid turbulence:  Interest of turbulent flows  Turbulent viscosity  Boundary layer  Free turbulence  Vortex dynamics  Homogeneous and isotropic turbulence  Direct and Large Eddy Simulation  Statistical models of turbulence  Overview of the major experimental techniques  Computational fluid dynamics (CFD):  Numerical simulation versus scale model test  1D, 2D and 3D models, with focus on 3D  Detached Eddy Simulation (DES), Large Eddy Simulation (LES) and Reynolds-Averaged Navier-Stokes (RANS), including Reynolds stress  Role of boundary conditions, mesh and time step  Quality standards  Introduction into ANSYS  Application of ANSYS to energy engineering problems		
Professional applications of the covered topics	The course provides in depth-knowledge on the use of Computational Fluid Dynamics (CFD) through theoretical and practical activities. CFD is becoming an increasingly important and used tool for the design, management and control of systems dealing with the flow of fluids, both for civil-environmental (e.g. river restoration, extreme events management, waste management, etc.) and industrial applications (e.g. hydropower systems, food industry, artificial snow production, fire-fighting systems, etc.). Important professional applications of the covered topics will be present both in the public and in the private sectors and in the free profession.		
Teaching format	Lectures and tutorials in class; homework on the numerical solution of a fluid mechanics application.		
Learning outcomes	By the end of the course, students are supposed to be able to:  - Knowledge and understanding:  (1) show the equations and explain the main principles relevant to turbulence, CFD, similarity and lubrication;  (2) develop an intuitive comprehension.  - Applying knowledge and understanding:  (3) give examples of real applications and practical		



	- Making judge (4) the ability choice and consolution of prol - Communication (5) communication the concepts a homework.	ements. to manual to manua	ake autonomous on of the suital involving the me ds: kills to correctly	s judgements in the ple tools and for the echanics of fluids.  and properly present and the results of the
	acquired duri	autong the	e study cours	end the knowledge e by reading and documentation.
Assessment	an oral exam. about fluid st requested to a fluid mechanic so show the understanding examination in	The wiratics amply the sin or eir ab and acludes ding of unication.	ritten exam contand dynamics. he main principeder to solve ted ility in applying making judg questions to a the course topion skills.	ists in a written and sists in two exercises. The candidates are les and equations of chnical problems and ng knowledge and lements. The oral ssess the knowledge cs, the learning skills
			T	
	Form	L	ength /	ILOs assessed
		L c		2, 3, 4, 6
	Form In class	2 n	Length / Iuration 24 x 60 minutes	
	Form In class exercises	2 n	Length / duration 24 x 60 minutes nt Length /	
	Form  In class exercises  Summative ass Form  Homework presentation	sessme 60%	Length / duration 24 x 60 minutes nt Length / duration 15 minutes	2, 3, 4, 6  ILOs assessed  1, 3, 4, 5, 6
Assessment language	Form  In class exercises  Summative ass Form  Homework	eessme	Length / duration 24 x 60 minutes nt Length / duration 15 minutes	2, 3, 4, 6  ILOs assessed



Required readings	The topics will be sampled out of different books. Some material will be made available in the reserve collection.
Supplementary readings	C. Bailly & G. Comte-Bellot, Turbulence, Springer, 2015
	H. Tennekes & J.L. Lumley, A First Course in Turbulence. MIT Press, Cambridge 1972
	J.O. Hinze, Turbulence, McGraw-Hill International Book Company, New York, 1975
	D. C. Wilcox, Turbulence modeling for CFD, DCW Industries, 2006
	H. Oertel (ed.), Prandtl-Essentials of Fluid Mechanics, Applied Mathematical Sciences 158, Springer, 2010
	Y.A. Çengel, & J.M. Cimbala, Fluid Mechanics – Fundamentals and Applications, 2006, McGraw-Hill
	J.C. Gibbings, Dimensional Analysis, Springer, 2011
	B. Zohuri, Dimensional Analysis and Self Similarity Methods for engineers and Scientists, Springer, 2015
	L.P. Yarin, The Pi-Theorem. Applications to Fluid Mechanics and Heat and Mass Transfer, Springer, 2012
	A. Adami, I modelli fisici nell'idraulica, CLEUP, 1994
	W.E. Langlois and M.O. Deville, Slow Viscous Flow, Springer, 2014